

Result report #010580:

Detection of mutation 1028_1032delGAGAA in RPGR gene causing XL-PRA in Siberian Husky and Samoyed by fragmentation analysis of PCR product

Sample Sample: 11-12221 Name: AVRIL ALBA ORLEANSNOW Breed: Samoyed Reg. number: 1828 Microchip: -Date of birth: 26.10.2006 Sex: female Date received: 03.05.2011 Sample type: buccal swab Sampling confirmed by veterinarian. Customer Marcela Knápková Sportovní 545 56169 Králíky Czech Republic

Result: Based on mutation examination genotype was determined Xn/Xn

Explanation

Mutation 1028_1032delGAGAA in exon ORF15 of RPGR gene (retinitis pigmentosa GTP's regulator) was tested. This mutation causes X-linked progressive retinal atrophy diseases in Siberian Husky and Samoyed breeds. The first symptoms appear by clinical examination in 6 months. Later, rods light receptors begin to appear irregularly damaged. Cones damage arises in final stage of XL-PRA disease. In age of 4 years, affected dogs are usually completely blind.

Females have XX chromosomes so they can have following XL-PRA genotypes: **XnXn** – females with two normal X chromosomes = normal phenotype, a healthy female **XnXm** – females with one normal X (Xn) and one mutant X (Xm) = a female carrier. Clinical disability of female carriers is individual, depending on the X chromosome inactivation. **XmXm** – females with two mutated X chromosomes = an affected female

Males have XY chromosomes so they can have following XL-PRA genotypes: XNY – normal phenotype, a healthy male XMY – an affected male; he inherited mutated X chromosome from his mother

Method: SOP24, accredited method

Report date: 12.05.2011 Responsible person: Mgr. Markéta Dajbychová, Veterinary Laboratory Manager

Deylychara

Genomia is accredited according to ISO 17025 under #1549.// (/ Genomia s.r.o, Teslova 3, 30100 Plzeň, Czech Republic, IČZ: 44929000 www.genomia.cz, laborator@genomia.cz, tel: +420 378 051 410

